

Venci'  
PCT/03/36133

=> fil reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
0.21	0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:17:54 ON 24 JUN 2004  
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file  
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more  
information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer  
to the file summary sheet on the web at:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> e sdma/cn 5

E1	1	SDM 79/CN
E2	1	SDM 801/CN
E3	3 -->	SDMA/CN
E4	1	SDMA (REDUCING AGENT)/CN
E5	1	SDMF (HUMAN FETAL HEART REDUCED)/CN

=> s e3;d ide can 1-3

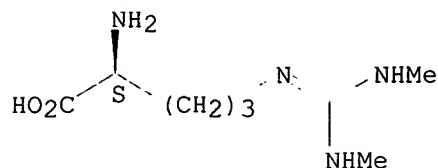
L1 3 SDMA/CN

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN  
RN 30344-00-4 REGISTRY  
CN L-Ornithine, N5-[bis(methylamino)methylene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN Ornithine, N5-(N,N'-dimethylamidino)-, L- (8CI)  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN **SDMA**  
CN Symmetric dimethylarginine  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
DR 100663-65-8  
MF C8 H18 N4 O2  
LC STN Files: ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, EMBASE,  
MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
DT.CA Caplus document type: Conference; Journal; Patent  
RL.P Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study);  
PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: BIOL (Biological  
study); USES (Uses)  
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological  
study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP  
(Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or

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reagent); USES (Uses)

Absolute stereochemistry.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

96 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
98 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:249431  
REFERENCE 2: 140:161533  
REFERENCE 3: 140:159843  
REFERENCE 4: 140:126331  
REFERENCE 5: 140:13220  
REFERENCE 6: 139:379378  
REFERENCE 7: 139:270770  
REFERENCE 8: 139:62962  
REFERENCE 9: 139:19930  
REFERENCE 10: 138:218616

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 22722-98-1 REGISTRY

CN Aluminate(1-), dihydrobis[2-(methoxy-κO)ethanolato-κO]-,  
sodium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Aluminate(1-), dihydrobis(2-methoxyethanolato)-, sodium (8CI)

CN Aluminate(1-), dihydrobis(2-methoxyethanolato-O,O')-, sodium

CN Ethanol, 2-methoxy-, aluminum complex

OTHER NAMES:

CN Red-Al

CN **SDMA**

CN SDMA (reducing agent)

CN SMEAH

CN Sodium aluminum bis(2-methoxyethoxy)hydride

CN Sodium bis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminum hydride

CN Sodium bis(2-methoxyethoxy)dihydroaluminate

CN Sodium dihydridobis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminate

CN Sodium dihydrobis(β-methoxyethoxy)aluminate

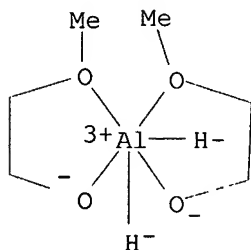
CN Sodium dihydrobis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminate

CN Sodium dihydrobis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminate(1-)

CN Sodium dihydrobis(2-methoxyethyl)aluminate

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CN Sodium dihydrobis(methoxyethoxy)aluminate  
 CN Synhydride  
 CN Vitride  
 DR 123051-24-1, 60084-96-0, 129270-49-1, 21595-42-6, 21608-56-0, 105644-84-6,  
 75339-25-2, 144168-86-5, 34542-18-2  
 MF C6 H16 Al O4 . Na  
 CI CCS, COM  
 LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT,  
 CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,  
 MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)  
 Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*  
 (\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)  
 DT.CA Caplus document type: Conference; Journal; Patent; Preprint  
 RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP  
 (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: RACT (Reactant or  
 reagent); USES (Uses)  
 RL.NP Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological  
 study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC (Miscellaneous); PREP  
 (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or  
 reagent); USES (Uses)  
 RLD.NP Roles for non-specific derivatives from non-patents: PREP  
 (Preparation); PRP (Properties)  
 CRN (77130-34-8)



● Na<sup>+</sup>

509 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
 7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 513 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:393433  
 REFERENCE 2: 140:339542  
 REFERENCE 3: 140:321872  
 REFERENCE 4: 140:321195  
 REFERENCE 5: 140:253318  
 REFERENCE 6: 140:235782  
 REFERENCE 7: 140:145838  
 REFERENCE 8: 140:128268

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REFERENCE 9: 140:111812

REFERENCE 10: 140:94071

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 94-75-7 REGISTRY

CN Acetic acid, (2,4-dichlorophenoxy)- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)acetic acid

CN 2,4-D

CN 2,4-D Acid

CN 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyethanoic acid

CN 2,4-PA

CN Aminopielik 50SL

CN Amoxone

CN B-Selektionon

CN Basalcoat

CN Deherban

CN Desormone

CN Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid

CN Diclordon

CN Dicopur

CN Esterone

CN Fernimine

CN Foredex 75

CN Hedonal

CN Hedonal (herbicide)

CN Ipaner

CN Isadiamineyeom

CN Monosan herbi

CN Mota Maskros

CN Netagrone

CN NSC 190751

CN NSC 2925

CN Pielik

CN **SDMA**

CN Tiller S

CN Verton 2D

CN Vidon 638

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 15183-39-8

MF C8 H6 Cl2 O3

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM\*, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN\*, HODOC\*, HSDB\*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM\*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS\*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

DT.CA Caplus document type: Book; Conference; Dissertation; Journal; Patent; Report

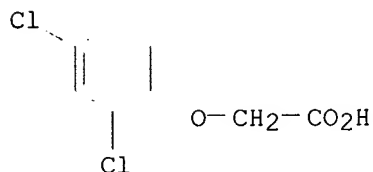
RL.P Roles from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); MSC (Miscellaneous); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in record)

RLD.P Roles for non-specific derivatives from patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological

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study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC (Miscellaneous); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses); NORL (No role in record)  
 RLD.NP Roles for non-specific derivatives from non-patents: ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); MSC (Miscellaneous); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

16338 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
 450 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
 16360 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 140:428484  
 REFERENCE 2: 140:428204  
 REFERENCE 3: 140:419167  
 REFERENCE 4: 140:413028  
 REFERENCE 5: 140:412267  
 REFERENCE 6: 140:405533  
 REFERENCE 7: 140:405532  
 REFERENCE 8: 140:403448  
 REFERENCE 9: 140:403445  
 REFERENCE 10: 140:401749

=> e biacetyl/cn 5

E1 1 BIACENAPHTHYLIDENE/CN  
 E2 1 BIACENE/CN  
 E3 1 --> BIACETYL/CN  
 E4 1 BIACETYL 2-OXIME 3-P-NITROBENZOYLHYDRAZONE/CN  
 E5 1 BIACETYL ANION RADICAL/CN

=> s e3;e pyruvic acid/cn 5

L2 1 BIACETYL/CN

E1 1 PYRUVATETRANSFERASE, PHOSPHOENOLPYRUVATE-URIDINE DIPHOSPHOAC  
 ETYLGLUCOSAMINE (WADDLIA CHONDROPHILA STRAIN ATCC VR-1470 GE  
 NE MURA FRAGMENT)/CN

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E2 1 PYRUVIC ACETYLTRANSFERASE/CN  
 E3 1 --> PYRUVIC ACID/CN  
 E4 1 PYRUVIC ACID (2,4-DINITROPHENYL)HYDRAZONE METHYL ESTER/CN  
 E5 1 PYRUVIC ACID 1,3-DITHIOLAN-2-YLIDENEHYDRAZIDE/CN

=> s e3;e glyoxal/cn 5  
 L3 1 "PYRUVIC ACID"/CN

E1 1 GLYOTOL/CN  
 E2 1 GLYOTOXIN/CN  
 E3 1 --> GLYOXAL/CN  
 E4 1 GLYOXAL 1,1-DIMETHYL ACETAL/CN  
 E5 1 GLYOXAL 2-PHOSPHAZINE/CN

=> s e3;e methylglyoxal/cn 5  
 L4 1 GLYOXAL/CN

E1 1 METHYLGERMYLENE(1+)/CN  
 E2 1 METHYLGERMYLIUM/CN  
 E3 0 --> METHYLGLOXAL/CN  
 E4 1 METHYLGLUCAMIN/CN  
 E5 1 METHYLGLUCAMINE/CN

=> e methylglyoxal/cn 5  
 E1 1 METHYLGLYCINE DIACETIC ACID SODIUM SALT/CN  
 E2 1 METHYLGLYCOL CHITOSAN/CN  
 E3 1 --> METHYLGLYOXAL/CN  
 E4 1 METHYLGLYOXAL  $\Omega$ -PHENYLHYDRAZONE/CN  
 E5 1 METHYLGLYOXAL 1-OXIME 2-PHENYLHYDRAZONE/CN

=> s e3;e deoxyosone?/cn 5  
 L5 1 METHYLGLYOXAL/CN

E1 1 DEOXYOOSPONOL/CN  
 E2 1 DEOXYOSCINE/CN  
 E3 0 --> DEOXYOSONE?/CN  
 E4 1 DEOXYOXOCAPURONINE/CN  
 E5 1 DEOXYOXOPETASITENECIC ACID DIMETHYL ESTER/CN

=> s ?deoxyosones?/cns  
 L6 0 ?DEOXYOSONES?/CNS

=> e malondialdehyde/cn 5  
 E1 1 MALONATODIAMMINEPLATINUM(II)/CN  
 E2 1 MALONATOETHYLENEDIAMINEPLATINUM(II)/CN  
 E3 1 --> MALONDIALDEHYDE/CN  
 E4 1 MALONDIALDEHYDE CIS-ENOL/CN  
 E5 1 MALONDIALDEHYDE DI(PENTADEUTEROANIL)/CN

=> s e3;e "2-oxopropanal"/cn 5  
 L7 1 MALONDIALDEHYDE/CN

E1 1 2-OXOPOWELLAN/CN  
 E2 1 2-OXOPOWELLAN PERCHLORATE/CN  
 E3 1 --> 2-OXOPROPANAL/CN  
 E4 1 2-OXOPROPANAL 1-(6-CHLORO-2-BENZOTHAZOLYL)HYDRAZONE/CN  
 E5 1 2-OXOPROPANAL 1-HYDRAZONE 2-OXIME/CN

=> s e3;e phenylglyoxal/cn 5  
L8 1 2-OXOPROPANAL/CN

E1 1 PHENYLGLYCYL-B-LACTAMIDE AMIDASE/CN  
E2 1 PHENYLGLYCYLAMPICILLIN/CN  
E3 1 --> PHENYLGLYOXAL/CN  
E4 1 PHENYLGLYOXAL 1-(DIMETHYL ACETAL)/CN  
E5 1 PHENYLGLYOXAL 2-OXIME/CN

=> s e3;e "2,3-butanedione"/cn 5  
L9 1 PHENYLGLYOXAL/CN

E1 1 2,3-BUTANEDIOL-SULFUR MONOCHLORIDE COPOLYMER/CN  
E2 1 2,3-BUTANEDIOL-TEREPHTHALIC ACID COPOLYMER/CN  
E3 1 --> 2,3-BUTANEDIONE/CN  
E4 1 2,3-BUTANEDIONE 2-HYDRAZONE 3-OXIME/CN  
E5 1 2,3-BUTANEDIONE 2-OXIME/CN

=> s e3;e "1,2-cyclohexanedione"/cn 5  
L10 1 "2,3-BUTANEDIONE"/CN

E1 1 1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIOLMONO (DIMETHYLCARBAMATE)/CN  
E2 1 1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIOLMONO (PROPYLCARBAMATE)/CN  
E3 1 --> 1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIONE/CN  
E4 1 1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIONE BIS (2-HYDROXYBENZOYLHYDRAZONE)/CN  
E5 1 1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIONE DIGUANYL/CN

=> s e3  
L11 1 "1,2-CYCLOHEXANEDIONE"/CN

=> e guanidino nitrogen  
E1 1 GUANIDINIUMYL/BI  
E2 2013 GUANIDINO/BI  
E3 0 --> GUANIDINO NITROGEN/BI  
E4 2 GUANIDINO, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5/BI  
E5 1 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2, 1/BI  
E6 1 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5/BI  
E7 6 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5/BI  
E8 1 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2, N2/BI  
E9 1 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2/BI  
E10 1 GUANIDINO, GUANIDINO, N2/BI  
E11 72 GUANIDINOACET/BI  
E12 44 GUANIDINOACETAMIDO/BI

=> s guanidino(l)nitrogen  
2013 GUANIDINO  
12936 NITROGEN  
L12 0 GUANIDINO(L)NITROGEN

=> s guanidino(l)(sdma or arginine)  
2013 GUANIDINO  
3 SDMA  
69880 ARGININE  
1 ARGININES  
69880 ARGININE  
(ARGININE OR ARGININES)  
L13 12 GUANIDINO(L) (SDMA OR ARGININE)

=> fil medl,hcapl,embase,biosis,jicst,wpids;s (l13 or guanidino(l)(sdma or arginine))

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
81.89	82.10

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 14:25:07 ON 24 JUN 2004

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:25:07 ON 24 JUN 2004

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FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 14:25:07 ON 24 JUN 2004

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FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 14:25:07 ON 24 JUN 2004

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L14 447 FILE MEDLINE

L15 1100 FILE HCAPLUS

L16 403 FILE EMBASE

L17 631 FILE BIOSIS

L18 37 FILE JICST-EPLUS

L19 112 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L20 2730 (L13 OR GUANIDINO(L) (SDMA OR ARGinine))

=> s (l13 or guanidino(l)(l1)

UNMATCHED LEFT PARENTHESIS '(L13'

The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the number of left parentheses.

=> s (l13 or guanidino(l)l1)

L21 0 FILE MEDLINE

L22 21 FILE HCAPLUS

L23 0 FILE EMBASE

L24 0 FILE BIOSIS

L25 0 FILE JICST-EPLUS

L26 112 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L27 133 (L13 OR GUANIDINO(L) L1)

=> s l20 or l27

L28 447 FILE MEDLINE

L29 1100 FILE HCAPLUS

L30 403 FILE EMBASE

L31 631 FILE BIOSIS

L32 37 FILE JICST-EPLUS

L33 112 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L34 2730 L20 OR L27

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=> s l34 and (l2 or l3 or l4 or l5 or l7 or l8 or l9 or l10 or l11 or dialdehyde?  
or ketoaldehyde? or diketone? or dicarbonyl? or biacetyl or pyruvic acid or glyoxal  
or methylglyoxal or deoxyosone? or malondialdehyde or oxopropanal or phenylglyoxal  
or butanedione or cyclohexanedione)

L35 23 FILE MEDLINE  
L36 74 FILE HCAPLUS  
L37 15 FILE EMBASE  
L38 32 FILE BIOSIS  
L39 1 FILE JICST-EPLUS  
L40 5 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L41 150 L34 AND (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11  
OR DIALDEHYDE? OR KETOALDEHYDE? OR DIKETONE? OR DICARBONYL? OR  
BIACETYL OR PYRUVIC ACID OR GLYOXAL OR METHYLGLYOXAL OR DEOXYOSO  
NE? OR MALONDIALDEHYDE OR OXOPROPANAL OR PHENYLGLYOXAL OR BUTANE  
DIONE OR CYCLOHEXANEDIONE)

=> s (l1 or sdma) and arginine

L42 73 FILE MEDLINE  
L43 182 FILE HCAPLUS  
L44 56 FILE EMBASE  
L45 99 FILE BIOSIS  
L46 1 FILE JICST-EPLUS  
L47 3 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L48 414 (L1 OR SDMA) AND ARGININE

=> s l48 and l41

L49 0 FILE MEDLINE  
L50 2 FILE HCAPLUS  
L51 0 FILE EMBASE  
L52 0 FILE BIOSIS  
L53 0 FILE JICST-EPLUS  
L54 0 FILE WPIDS

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L55 2 L48 AND L41

=> d 1-2 cbib abs

L55 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2004:453336 Methods for detecting asymmetric dimethylarginine in a biological  
sample. Lin, Ken Young; Cooke, John (The Board of Trustees of the Leland  
Stanford Junior University, USA). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004046314 A2  
20040603, 28 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA,  
BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC,  
EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,  
KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ,  
TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,  
GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR.  
(English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2003-US36133 20031113.  
PRIORITY: US 2002-PV426677 20021115.

AB The present invention provides methods of detecting asym. dimethylarginine  
(ADMA) in a sample, particularly a sample that may contain sym.  
dimethylarginine (SDMA) and/or arginine. The methods  
generally involve modifying any SDMA and arginine in  
the sample such that SDMA and arginine are readily

distinguishable from ADMA; and detecting ADMA. The invention further provides antibodies specific for ADMA; antibodies specific for modified **SDMA**; and antibodies specific for modified **arginine**. The invention further provides kits for practicing the subject methods. Any **SDMA** and **arginine** in the sample is derivatized with an  $\alpha$ - **dicarbonyl** compound, e.g. **phenylglyoxal**, and the ADMA is detected by immunoassay, high performance liquid chromatog. or capillary electrophoresis.

L55 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1991:117335 Document No. 114:117335 Dimethylarginine:pyruvate aminotransferase in rats. Purification, properties and identity with alanine:glyoxylate aminotransferase 2. Ogawa, Tadashi; Kimoto, Masumi; Sasaoka, Kei (Sch. Med., Univ. Tokushima, Tokushima, 770, Japan). Journal of Biological Chemistry, 265(34), 20938-45 (English) 1990. CODEN: JBCHA3. ISSN: 0021-9258.

AB Dimethylarginine:pyruvate aminotransferase, which plays a role in the metabolism of dimethylarginines, has been purified to homogeneity from rat kidney. The enzyme has a mol. weight of approx. 200,000 and an isoelec. point at about pH 6.3. The enzyme consists of four similar subunits having a mol. weight of about 50,000. The enzyme catalyzes the effective transaminations of **guanidino-N** methylated **L-arginines** (e.g. NG,NG-dimethyl-L-**arginine**, NG,N'-G-dimethyl-L-**arginine** and NG-monomethyl-L-**arginine**) and the  $\alpha$ -amino group of L-ornithine to pyruvate or glyoxylate. The enzyme was always accompanied by the known alanine:glyoxylate aminotransferase activity with the ratios of their specific activities remaining constant during the purification steps. The physicochem. and immunol. properties of the purified enzyme were shown to be identical with those of the isoenzyme of alanine:glyoxylate aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.44), designated as alanine:glyoxylate aminotransferase 2. The distribution profiles in tissues and the neg. response to glucagon treatment further supported the identity of the two enzymes. The present data show that alanine:glyoxylate aminotransferase 2 functions in dimethylarginine metabolism in vivo in rats.

=> fil casrea

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	24.66	106.76

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-1.39	-1.39

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 14:30:38 ON 24 JUN 2004  
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FILE CONTENT:1840 - 20 Jun 2004 VOL 140 ISS 25

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*****
*
*      CASREACT now has more than 8 million reactions
*
*****
```

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

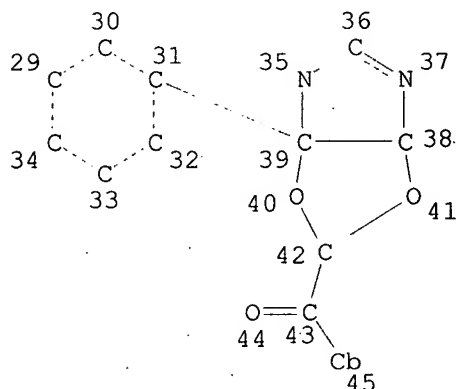
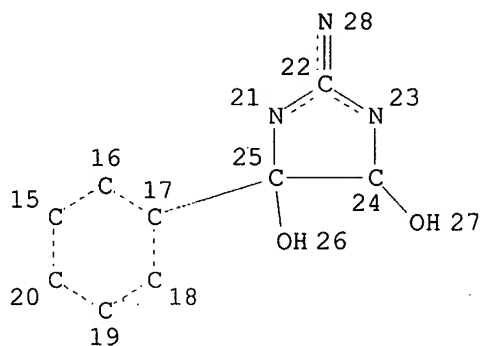
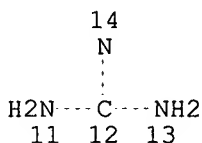
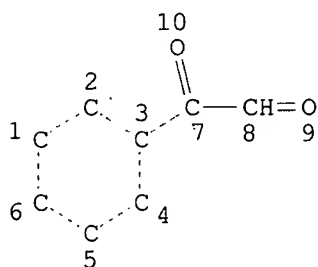
Some records from 1974 to 1991 are derived from the ZIC/VINITI data file and provided by InfoChem and some records are produced using some INPI data from the period prior to 1986.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP RNCROSSOVER for details.

Structure search limits have been raised. See HELP SLIMIT for the new, higher limits.

=> => d 158 que stat  
L56 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
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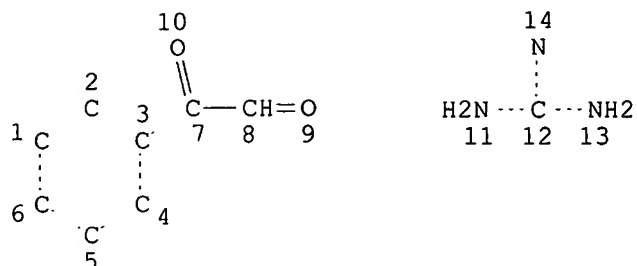
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L58 0 SEA FILE=CASREACT SSS FUL L56 ( 0 REACTIONS)

100.0% DONE 0 VERIFIED 0 HIT RXNS 0 DOCS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

=> => d 161 que stat;d 1-6 fhlt cbib abs  
L59 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
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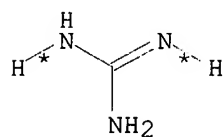
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
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100.0% DONE 141 VERIFIED 26 HIT RXNS 6 DOCS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

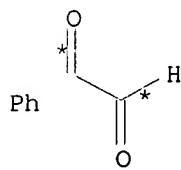
L61 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RX(1) OF 1 A + B + C ==> D

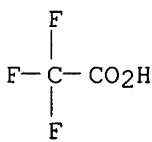


● HCl

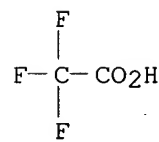
A



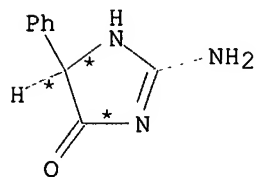
B



C



D: CM 1



D: CM 2

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

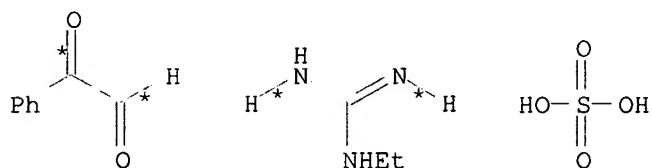
RX(1) RCT A 50-01-1, B 1074-12-0, C 76-05-1  
PRO D 619330-79-9  
SOL 71-43-2 Benzene

139:350671 Synthesis of 2-imino-5-phenylimidazolidin-4-one and the structure of its trifluoroacetate salt. Atwood, Jerry L.; Barbour, Leonard J.; Heaven, Michael W.; Raston, Colin L. (Department of Chemistry, University of Missouri -Columbia, Columbia, MO, 65211, USA). Journal of Chemical Crystallography, 33(3), 175-179 (English) 2003. CODEN: JCCYEV. ISSN: 1074-1542. Publisher: Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers.

AB Title compound has been prepared and characterized by crystallog. The complex crystallizes in the monoclinic space group C2, with  $a = 27.894(3) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $b = 6.2616(7) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $c = 7.1989(8) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $\beta = 93.176(2)^\circ$ . The extended structure consists of neutral, one-dimensional, hydrogen-bonded ribbons incorporating both ionic species.

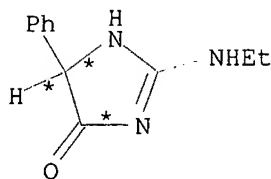
L61 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RX(2) OF 5 E + F ==> G



E F: CM 1 F: CM 2

(2)



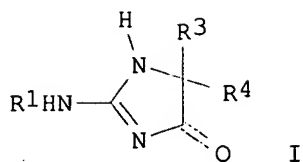
G

RX(2) RCT E 1074-12-0, F 50693-82-8  
PRO G 199996-73-1  
SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 67-56-1 MeOH  
NTE phosphate buffer, incubated 4 days

128:48224 Preparation of 2-amino-4-oxo-5H-imidazoles as cytokine production inhibitors. Thornalley, Paul (Wivenhoe Technology Limited, UK; Thornalley, Paul). PCT Int. Appl. WO 9745417 A1 19971204, 39 pp.  
DESIGNATED STATES: W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 1997-GB1415 19970523. PRIORITY: GB 1996-11046 19960525.

GI

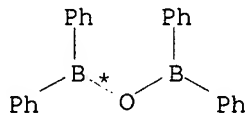
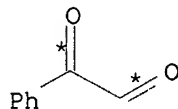
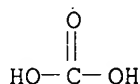
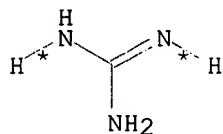
Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86



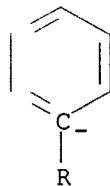
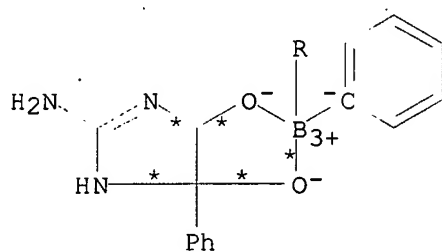
AB Title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted alkyl or -aryl; R3,R4 = H, alkyl, aryl], ligands which inhibit the binding of  $\alpha$ -oxoaldehyde-modified arginine residues, were prepared. Thus, MeNHC(:NH)NH<sub>2</sub> was cyclocondensed with benzil to give I (R1 = Me, R3 = R4 = Ph). Data for biol. activity of I were given in graphic form.

L61 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RX(4) OF 23      A + L + C ==> M



(4) →



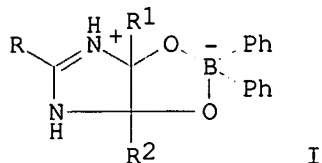
YIELD 44%

RX(4)      RCT    A 100224-74-6, L 1074-12-0, C 4426-21-5  
              RGT    E 1310-73-2 NaOH  
              PRO    M 115438-22-7  
              SOL    64-17-5 EtOH, 7732-18-5 Water

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

109:231111 Stabilization of adducts of  $\alpha$ -dicarbonyl compounds with amidine functions by formation of boron chelates. Kliegel, Wolfgang; Motzkus, Hans Walter (Inst. Pharm. Chem., Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Braunschweig, D-3300, Fed. Rep. Ger.). *Chemische Berichte*, 121(10), 1865-7 (German) 1988. CODEN: CHBEAM. ISSN: 0009-2940.

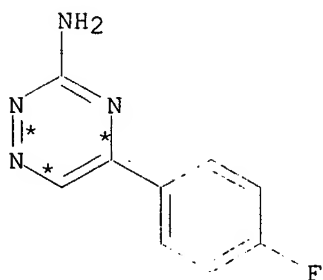
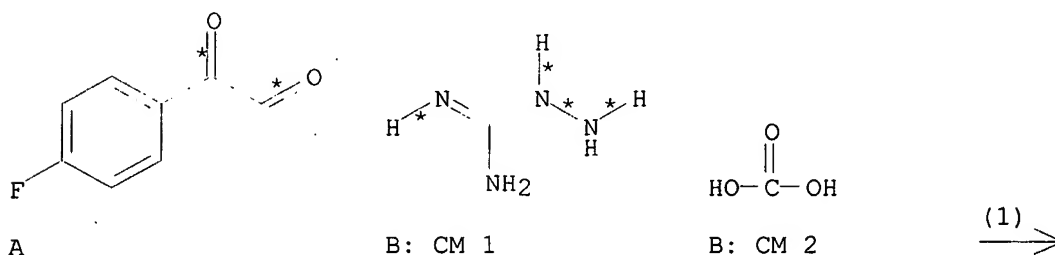
GI



AB The adducts of various  $\alpha$ -dicarbonyl compds. with guanidine, O-Me isourea, acetamidine, or benzamidine are trapped by formation of diphenylboron chelates. The 23 crystalline chelates I ( $R = \text{NH}_2, \text{Me}, \text{OMe}, \text{Ph}$ ;  $R_1, R_2 = \text{H}, \text{Me}, \text{Ph}$ ) resulting from the three component reaction of an amidine derivative, an  $\alpha$ -dicarbonyl compound, and  $(\text{Ph}_2\text{B})_2\text{O}$  confirm the bicyclic structure, which has been suggested to represent the constitution of the final product in the reversible modification of arginine-containing enzyme proteins by 1,2-diketones in borate buffer.

L61 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RX(1) OF 38 A + B ==> C...



C  
YIELD 70%

RX(1) RCT A 403-32-7, B 2582-30-1  
PRO C 107128-47-2

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

SOL 64-17-5 EtOH, 7732-18-5 Water

106:119854 Facile synthesis of fluorine containing imidazo[1,2-b][1,2,4]triazines through  $\alpha$ -oxo-N-aryl- $\alpha$ -arylethanehydrazonoyl bromides. Joshi, Krishna C.; Pathak, Vijai N.; Sharma, Sharda (Dep. Chem., Univ. Rajasthan, Jaipur, 302004, India). Journal of Fluorine Chemistry, 32(3), 299-307 (English) 1986. CODEN: JFLCAR. ISSN: 0022-1139.

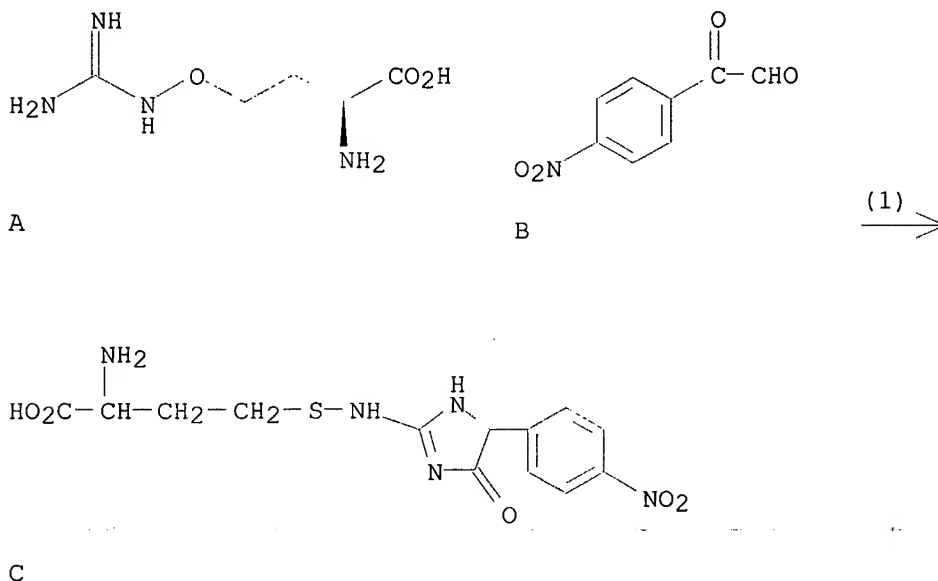
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Treatment of F containing arylglyoxals I (R=H, Cl, Me) with  $\text{H}_2\text{NNHC}(\text{NH}_2):\text{NH}_2\cdot\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$  in aqueous EtOH formed fluorinated 3-amino-5-aryltriazines II which was treated with  $\alpha$ -oxo-N-aryl- $\alpha$ -arylethanehydrazonoyl bromides III ( $\text{R}_1=\text{H}$ , F,  $\text{R}_2=\text{R}$ , F) to afford 3,6-diaryl-7-arylaazoimidazo[1,2-b][1,2,4]triazines IV in 75-80% yield. Mass fragmentation patterns of these compds. have also been discussed.

L61 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RX(1) OF 1      A + B ==> C

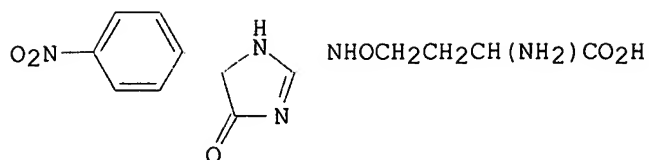


RX(1)      RCT    A 543-38-4, B 4974-57-6  
             PRO   C 98619-43-3  
             NTE   buffered soln.

103:160812 Chemical modification of canavanine with p-nitrophenylglyoxal. Factors influencing the chemistry and reactivity of  $\alpha$ -dicarbonyl-guanidino reactions. Soman, Gopalan; Hurst, Michael O.; Graves, Donald J. (Dep. Biochem. Biophys., Iowa State Univ., Ames, IA, 50011, USA). International Journal of Peptide & Protein Research, 25(5), 517-25 (English) 1985. CODEN: IJPPC3. ISSN: 0367-8377.

GI

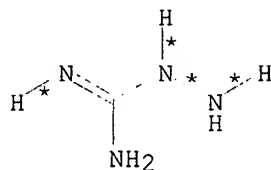




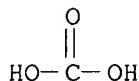
AB The role of structural features and deprotonation of guanidino derivs. on chemical reactions with p-nitrophenylglyoxal were studied. Canavanine, an arginine analog, reacted to form a yellow product, which absorbs maximally at 350 nm ( $\epsilon = 6500$ ) and at 278 nm ( $\epsilon = 14500$ ). Elemental and spectral analyses suggest that the product has the imidazole structure I. Kinetic studies showed that the second order rate constant for the reaction increases with increasing pH in the range of pH 7-11.0. The pH dependence can be explained by general base catalysis and not simply by a deprotonation of the guanidinoxy side chain. The reaction of arginine, polyarginine, and other derivs. differed markedly from that of canavanine. Change in the tautomeric equilibrium between the imino and amino forms of the guanidino group may partly account for differences in reaction of canavanine and arginine and the reactions of specific arginyl residues in proteins.

L61 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

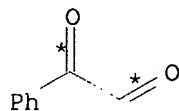
RX(1) OF 12      A + B ==> C



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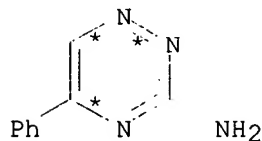


A: CM 2



● H<sub>2</sub>O

B



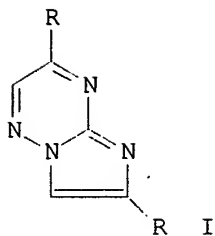
C  
YIELD 30%

RX(1)      RCT    A 2582-30-1, B 78146-52-8  
             PRO    C 942-60-9

87:203044 A one-step synthesis of 3,6-bis-substituted imidazo[1,2-b]-as-triazines, a set of highly fluorescent heterocycles. Saraswathi, T. V.; Srinivasan, V. R. (Dep. Chem., Osmania Univ., Hyderabad, India). Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry, 15B(7), 607-10 (English) 1977. CODEN: IJSBDB. ISSN: 0376-4699.

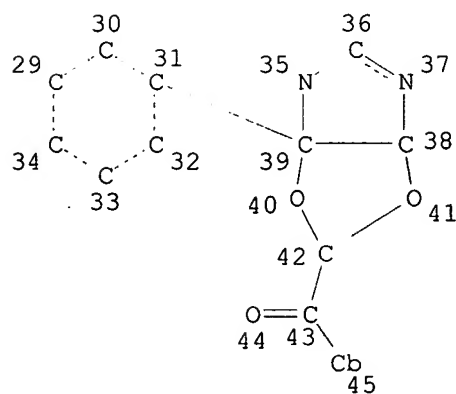
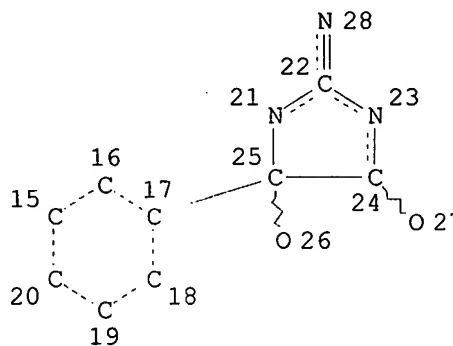
GI

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86



AB Fluorescent imidazo[1,2-b]-as-triazines (I, R = Ph or substituted Ph, 2-furyl, 2-thienyl) are prepared by refluxing 0.01 mol RCOCH<sub>2</sub>Br with 0.005 mol aminoguanidine bicarbonate [2582-30-1] in DMF for 1 h. The structure of I are confirmed by spectral data and the 3,6-bis substitution of one representative sample was confirmed using an unambiguous synthesis. The use of Euresolve results in a considerable resolution and simplification of the NMR spectra of I and sep. absorptions due to marked shifts were observed

=> => d l64 que stat  
L62 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

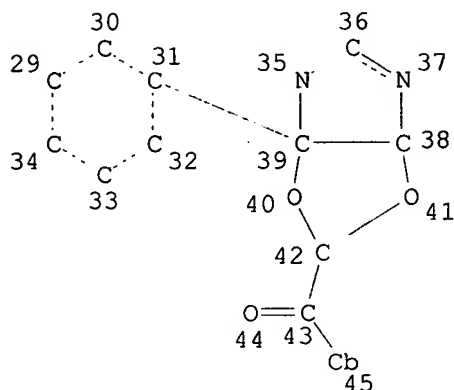
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 31

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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100.0% DONE 0 VERIFIED 0 HIT RXNS 0 DOCS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> => d l67 que stat  
L65 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L67 0 SEA FILE=CASREACT SSS FUL L65 ( 0 REACTIONS)

100.0% DONE 25 VERIFIED 0 HIT RXNS 0 DOCS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	443.40	550.16

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-3.96	-5.35

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:41:18 ON 24 JUN 2004

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 23 JUN 2004 HIGHEST RN 698346-19-9

Searched by: Mary Hale 571-272-2507 REM 1D86

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more  
information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer  
to the file summary sheet on the web at:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> => log y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	155.42	705.58
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-5.35

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 14:41:59 ON 24 JUN 2004